## Travelin' Man As sung by Bob Seeger

## 3 guitar only: 2 arpeggiating, I playing picked bass line

,	Asus / A / Asus² / A / Up with the sun, gone with the wind,		
	Asus / A /   D/F#   G	Written by Reese Danton Wilson, Robert Arthur, Roger Alan Springer	
se l	She always said I was lazy.	Transcribed by Mark W. Black	
	Asus / A /  Asus² / A / Leavin my home, leavin my friends,		
Verse	Asus / A /  G  D/F# Runnin when things get too crazy.		
	(N.C.) D c#m Out to the road, out 'neath the stars,		
	bm +Time:  A  Asus  A (ho Feelin the breeze, passin the cars.	old)	

## Add drums, organ, and bass

```
Asus / A / |Asus² / A / |Women have come, women have gone

Asus / A / |D/F# |G
Everyone trying to cage me

Asus / A / |Asus² / A / |Some were so sweet, I barely got free

Asus / A / |G |D/F# Others, they only enraged me

(N.C.) D c#m
Sometimes at night, I see their faces

C bm |+ Time: I feel the traces they left on my soul
```

```
Those are the memories that make me a wealthy soul
Those are the memories that make me a wealthy soul
Asus / A / |Asus<sup>2</sup> / A /
Travelin man, love when I can
        / A / |D/F#
                                          |G
Turn loose my hand cause I'm goin'
                                        and I
Asus / A / Asus<sup>2</sup> / A /
Travelin man, catch if you can
                                         |D/F#
But sooner than later
                       I'm goin'
       A (Allman brothers guitars)
Travelin man
                                                                               Hey!
       A (Allman brothers guitars)
                                                             G
                                                                               D/F#
Sometimes at night, I see their faces,
I feel the traces they've left on my soul
Those are the memories that make me a wealthy soul
                                      (pause) A (N.C.)
Those are the memories that make me a wealthy - soul
Key: A | Meter: 4/4 | Tempo: quarter = 114 | Strum = Skip
```

## Legend: reading a chord chart

Unless otherwise indicated, chords start at the beginning of the measure.

- |- indicates a new measure with the previous chord continuing.
- / indicates individual beats of a measure when needed. So if a chord lasts for less than a full measure, the slash mark (/) will indicate the different beats of the measure and the written chord name will also take up one of those beats. Thus | A / / E would mean to play an A for 3 beats and an E for the 4<sup>th</sup> beat.
- <- indicates the chord comes in ½ beat earlier than written. Thus |A / / <E | would mean to play an A for 2 and a half beats and E would start on the 'and' of beat 3.
- >- indicates the chord comes in ½ beat later than written. Thus |A / / >E | would mean to play an A for 3 and a half beats and E would start on the 'and' of beat 4.
- /X indicates a specific bass note, rather than a chord type, usually while the previous chord is playing; i.e., E /F# /G# A would mean play the E chord, then F# and G# as single bass notes during the E chord (in the right hand of a piano or bass strings of the guitar or on the bass, for example).
- Chords and measures bars are almost exactly over the words where they occur, so you should be able to follow the words and thus know where the chords change.

Single notes		
Single notes Harmony		
BGV		